

# Knowledge Organiser Year 4 - Spring 2 2024

Science - Electricity



## What are appliances?

- An appliance is a piece of equipment or a device designed to perform a particulate job.
- Many everyday appliances rely on electricity for them to work.
- Some appliances use *mains electricity* (are plugged into a socket) and others have a *battery* to make them work.
- Examples of mains-powered appliances include toasters and televisions.



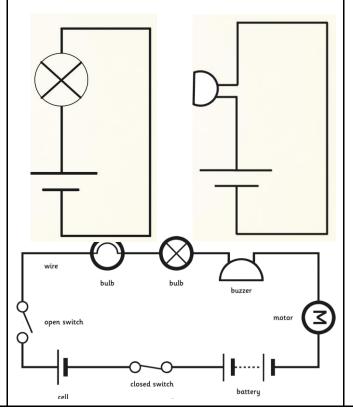
• Examples of battery-powered appliances can include mobile phones and torches.



This half-term, Year 4 are going to be **<u>electricity</u>** in our Science lessons.

Read the information below to find out more about our Science learning.

Don't forget to complete your project too!



## Vocabulary

- Electricity The flow of an electrical current through a material, e.g. from a power source through wires to an *appliance*.
- Appliances A piece of equipment or a device designed to perform a particular job, such as a washing machine or mobile phone.
- Battery A device that stores electrical energy as a chemical. Two or more cells joined together form a *battery*.
- Circuit A pathway that *electricity* can flow around. It is based around wires and a power supply.
- <u>Components -</u> Parts you can add to a circuit. These can be bulbs, switches, buzzers and motors.

#### <u>Circuits</u>

• Series Circuit: a *circuit* where the components are connected in a loop. *Electricity* flows through each component in a single pathway.



• Complete Circuit: *Electricity* can flow. The components will work.



• Incomplete Circuit: There is a break in the *circuit* that prevents the *electricity* from flowing. The components will not work.



# Components of a Circuit

• Cell: Normally, we would call this a *battery* but scientifically, this is a cell. Two or more cells joined together form a battery.



• Bulb: Lights up in a complete circuit.



• Buzzer: Makes a noise in a complete circuit.



• Wires: Used to connect the different components in the circuit together.



• Motor: produces movement in a complete circuit.



• Switch: Used to turn other components in the circuit on or off.



## Project for Home Learning

Can you find out more about electricity and present your learning in a creative way?

#### You could...

- create a PowerPoint presentation showing your research
- create a 3D model of an electrical circuit and label the main parts.
- sketch/paint a picture of an electrical circuit
- make a simple electrical circuit with adult supervision
- Design your own appliance